

# Isover P

## Stone wool insulation



### TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

Insulating slabs made of Isover mineral wool. The production is based on defibring method of the minerals composition melt and additional additives and ingredients. The mineral fibres produced are processed into the final slab shape on the production line. The entire fibre surface is hydrophobic. The slabs in the construction have to be protected suitably (vapour-proof foil, water-proofing, flat roof bearing layer, etc.)



### APPLICATION

Isover P slabs are designed for thermal, acoustic and fire insulation of the flat warm decks. The slabs are entirely used as an underlayer to another spreading thermal insulative course, e.g. in SG COMBI ROOF systems. Slabs are to be laid on vapour barrier, supporting construction or gravity flow system. The gravity flow system is possible to create from Isover SD gravity flow slabs or as well as from Isover DK double gravity flow wedge blocks in gravity flow up to 15%. Whole structure is recommended to complete with Isover AK attic wedge blocks which helps to better change the horizontal direction of the water-proofing into the perpendicular direction.

### BENEFITS

- Very good thermal insulation performance.
- Fire resistance.
- Excellent acoustic properties in terms of noise absorption.
- Low vapour resistance – good water vapour penetrability.
- Environmentally friendly and hygienic.
- Completely hydrophobic.
- Long life span.
- Resistant to wood-destroying pests, rodents, and insects.
- Easy workability – can be cut, drilled into, etc.

### PACKAGING, TRANSPORT, WAREHOUSING

Isover P insulating slabs are packed on the pallets in height up to 1.3 m. The slabs have to be transported in covered vehicles under conditions preventing their wetting or other degradation. They should be stored flat in sheltered space to maximum layer height of 2 m.

### DIMENSIONS AND PACKAGING

Thickness [mm]	Length × width [mm]	Transport packaging [m <sup>3</sup> ]	Volume per package [m <sup>2</sup> ]	Declared thermal resistance R <sub>0</sub> [m <sup>2</sup> ·K·W <sup>-1</sup> ]
20	1000 × 1250	1.500	75.0	0.55
30	1000 × 1250	1.575	52.5	0.80
60	2 000 × 1 200	3.024	50.4	1.65
80	2 000 × 1 200	2.880	36.0	2.20
100	2 000 × 1 200	3.120	31.2	2.75
120	2 000 × 1 200	2.880	24.0	3.30
140	2 000 × 1 200	2.688	19.2	3.85
160	2 000 × 1 200	3.072	19.2	4.40

### TECHNICAL PARAMETERS

Parameter	Unit	Methodology	Value	Designation code
<b>Geometric shape</b>				
Length <i>l</i>	[% , mm]	EN 822	±2 %	
Width <i>b</i>	[% , mm]	EN 822	±1,5 %	
Thickness <i>d</i>	[% , mm]	EN 823	-3 % or -3 mm <sup>1)</sup> and +5 % or +5 mm <sup>2)</sup>	Class of thickness tolerances T4
Deviation from squareness of the edge on length and width <i>S<sub>e</sub></i>	[mm·m <sup>-1</sup> ]	EN 824	5	
Deviation from flatness <i>S<sub>max</sub></i>	[mm]	EN 825	6	
Relative change in length Δ <i>ε<sub>l</sub></i> , in width Δ <i>ε<sub>b</sub></i> , in thickness Δ <i>ε<sub>d</sub></i>	[%]	EN 1604	1	Dimensional stability under the specified temperature and humidity conditions DS(70,-)

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Parameter	Unit	Methodology	Value	Designation code
<b>Thermal technical properties</b>				
Declared value of thermal conductivity coefficient $\lambda_p$ <sup>3)</sup>	[W·m <sup>-1</sup> ·K <sup>-1</sup> ]	Declaration according to EN 13162+A1 Measurement according to EN 12667	0.036	
Design thermal conductivity $\lambda_v$ <sup>4)</sup>	[W·m <sup>-1</sup> ·K <sup>-1</sup> ]	ČSN 73 0540-3	0.037	
Specific heat capacity $c_d$	[J·kg <sup>-1</sup> ·K <sup>-1</sup> ]	ČSN 73 0540-3	800	
<b>Mechanical properties</b>				
Compressive stress at 10% deformation $\sigma_{10}$	[kPa]	Declaration according to EN 826	20	Declared level of compressive stress at 10% deformation CS(10)20
Tensile strength perpendicular to faces $\sigma_{nt}$	[kPa]	Declaration according to EN 1607	1	Declared level of tensile strength perpendicular to faces TR1
<b>Fire safety properties</b>				
Reaction to fire class	[-]	Declaration according to EN 13501-1+A1	A1	
Maximum temperature for use	[°C]		200	
Melting temperature $t_f$	[°C]	DIN 4102 part 17	≥ 1000	
<b>Hydrothermal properties</b>				
Short-term water absorption $W_p$	[kg·m <sup>-2</sup> ]	Declaration according to EN 13162+A1 Measurement according to EN 1609	1	Declared level for short-term water absorption WS
Long-term water absorption by partial immersion $W_{ip}$	[kg·m <sup>-2</sup> ]	Declaration according to EN 13162+A1 Measurement according to EN 12087	3	Declared level for long-term water absorption by partial immersion WL(P)
Water vapour diffusion resistance factor $\mu$	[-]	Declaration according to EN 13162+A1 Measurement according to EN 12086	1	Declared value for water vapour diffusion resistance factor MU1
<b>Other properties</b>				
Density <sup>5)</sup>	[kg·m <sup>-3</sup> ]	EN 1602	100-142	

<sup>1)</sup> Value with greatest numerical tolerance.

<sup>2)</sup> Value with lowest numerical tolerance.

<sup>3)</sup> Declared values were set under the following conditions: (reference temperature 10 °C, humidity  $u_{dry}$ , reached by drying) according to EN ISO 10456.

<sup>4)</sup> Valid for typical use in construction with risk of condensation. In the case of construction without any risk of condensation, it is possible to use the declared value of thermal conductivity.

<sup>5)</sup> The apparent density is only informative in connection with logistics and static needs.

## RELATED DOCUMENTS

- Declaration of Performance
- Certificate of constancy of performance
- Environmental Product Declaration
- ISO 9001, ISO 14001, ISO 45001, ISO 50001

### More about the product

[www.isover.cz/en/products/isover-p](http://www.isover.cz/en/products/isover-p)



15/4/2024 The information provided herein is valid at the time of publication. The manufacturer reserves the right to change the data.